

The China Mail.

Established February, 1845.

No. XLVI. No. 8568.

二月七日一千九百零八年

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JULY 2, 1890.

日六十五年庚寅

PRICE, \$2 PER MONTH.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALDEN, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E.C. GEORGE STILES & CO., 30, Cornhill. GORDON & GOTCH, Ludgate Circus, E.C. BATES & CO., 37, Walbrook, E.C. SAMUEL DRAGON & CO., 150 & 154, Threadneedle Street. W. M. WILLS, 1st, London Street, E.C. ROBERT WATSON, 1, Newgate Street. PAULSEN & SØRENSEN.—AMERDE PRINCE, 31, Rue Léopold, Paris. NEW YORK.—J. NEWTON HARRIS, THE CHINESE EVANGELIST OFFICE, 52, Wall Street. SAN FRANCISCO and American Posts generally.—BLAN & BLACK, San Francisco. AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GOLDBOX & GORE, Melbourne and Sydney. DEXON.—W. M. SMITH & CO., THE APOTHECARY CO., Colorado. SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—SAYLOR & CO., Square, Singapore. C. HEINSEY & CO., Melaka. CHINA.—MCCOY, F. A. DE CRUE, Amoy. N. MOALE, Pacific, Hedge & Co., Ningpo. LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., and KELLY & WAHL, Yochamn. LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., and KELLY & CO.

BANKS.

NOTICE.

RULES OF THE HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

1.—The business of the above Bank will be conducted by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, on their premises in Hongkong. Business hours on week-days, 10 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.; 10 to 1.

2.—Sum less than \$1, or more than \$250 at one time will not be received. No depositor may deposit more than \$2,500 in any one year.

3.—Depositors in the Savings Bank having \$100 or more at their credit may at their option transfer the same to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation on fixed deposit for 12 months at 5 per cent. per annum interest.

4.—Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum will be allowed to depositors on their daily balances.

5.—Each Depositor will be supplied gratis with a Pass-Book which must be presented with each payment or withdrawal. Depositors must not make any entries themselves in their Pass-Books but should send them to be written up at least twice a year, about the beginning of January and beginning of July.

6.—Correspondence as to the business of the Bank if marked On Hongkong Savings Bank Business is forwarded free by the various British Post Offices in Hongkong and China.

7.—Withdrawals may be made on demand, but the personal attendance of the depositor or his duly appointed agent, and the production of his Pass-Book are necessary.

For the
HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING
CORPORATION,
THOMAS JACKSON,
Chief Man.

Hongkong, May 13, 1890. 754

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$7,500,000
RESERVE FUND.....\$4,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PRO-
PRIETORS.....\$7,500,000

COUNCIL OF DIRECTORS.
Chairman—H. L. DALEYTIME, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—J. S. MCROBES, Esq.
T. E. DAVIES, Esq. [Hon. A. P. McEWEN,
W. H. FORBES, Esq. S. O. MICHAELSEN,
H. HOFFMUS, Esq.
Hon. J. J. KEEWELL, Esq.
ALEX. MCCONNACHE, Esq.
D. R. SASSON, Esq.]

CHIEF MANAGER,
Hongkong....T. JACKSON, Esq.
MANAGER,
Shanghai.....JOHN WALTERS, Esq.
LONDON BANKER—London and County
Bank.

HONGKONG.
INTEREST ALLOWED.—
On Current Deposit Account at the rate
of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily
balance.

On Fixed Deposit.—

For 3 months, 3½ per cent. per annum.

" 6 " 4 per cent. "

" 12 " 5 per cent. "

Local Bills Discounted.

Overdrafts granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Overdrafts granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

THOMAS JACKSON,

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, May 13, 1890. 363

Intimations.

Intimations.



BY APPOINTMENT.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED,
(ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841)

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY, HONGKONG.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists.
ANALYTICAL,
FAMILY, DISPENSING, AND
GENERAL CHEMISTS,
PERFUMERS.

PATENT MEDICINE PROPRIETORS.
SEEDSMEN.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

CIGAR IMPORTERS, &c., &c.

MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED
WATERS

BY STEAM MACHINERY.

PHOTOGRAPHIC DRY PLATES,
Apparatus, Chemicals, and Materials
of all kinds suitable for Amateurs and Profes-
sionals, at Moderate Prices.

THE HONGKONG BRICK & CEMENT
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Holders
of SHARES in the above Company, on
which the CALL of \$1.00 per Share, due 3rd
March, 1890, is still unpaid: that unless
said Call, with INTEREST at the Rate of
Ten per centum per Annum from due date,
paid at the Company's Office, 18, Bank
Buildings, Queen's Road, Hongkong,
on or before the 8th day of July next, the
said Shares will be dealt with by the Directors
in accordance with the terms of the
Company's Articles of Association.

W. H. WALKER,
Secretary.

Intimations.



BY APPOINTMENT.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.,
(ESTABLISHED 1841)

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY, HONGKONG.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists.
ANALYTICAL,
FAMILY, DISPENSING, AND
GENERAL CHEMISTS,
PERFUMERS.

PATENT MEDICINE PROPRIETORS.
SEEDSMEN.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

CIGAR IMPORTERS, &c., &c.

MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED
WATERS

BY STEAM MACHINERY.

PHOTOGRAPHIC DRY PLATES,
Apparatus, Chemicals, and Materials
of all kinds suitable for Amateurs and Profes-
sionals, at Moderate Prices.

THE HONGKONG BRICK & CEMENT
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Holders
of SHARES in the above Company, on
which the CALL of \$1.00 per Share, due 3rd
March, 1890, is still unpaid: that unless
said Call, with INTEREST at the Rate of
Ten per centum per Annum from due date,
paid at the Company's Office, 18, Bank
Buildings, Queen's Road, Hongkong,
on or before the 8th day of July next, the
said Shares will be dealt with by the Directors
in accordance with the terms of the
Company's Articles of Association.

W. H. WALKER,
Secretary.

Hongkong, June 30, 1890. 1176

1176

The Natural Mineral Waters of

VICHY

GRANDE-GRILLE.—For Affections of the Liver, Bilious Organs, &c.

CELESTINS.—For the Kidneys, Gravel, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, &c.

HORTAL.—For Stomach Complaints.

HAUTERIVE.—An excellent TABLE WATER.

OF ALL CHEMISTS IN AUSTRALASIA.

THE DARVEL BAY TRADING
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRA-
ORDINARY General MEETING of
the DARVEL BAY TRADING COMPANY, LTD.,
will be held at No. 9, Queen's Road, Victoria,
Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 7th
day of July, 1890, at 12 of the o'clock, at
Noon, when the abridged Resolution which
was passed at the Extraordinary Meeting of
the Company held on the 21st day of June,
1890, will be submitted for Confirmation as
a Special Resolution:—

'That the Company be wound up voluntary-
arily under the Provisions of the Com-
pany's Ordinances 1865 to 1886, and that
FREDERICK ALFRED BUSING BROCKELMANN
and JUSTRUS FREIDRICH HEIN-
RICH HEYN, comprising the Firm of
REUTER BROCKELMANN & CO.,
be the Liquidators of the said Com-
pany, and their remuneration as such
Liquidators be the same as that allowed to
them as General Managers of the Com-
pany.'

Dated this 23rd day of June, 1890.

REUTER BROCKELMANN & CO.,
General Managers.

1142

THE PEAK HOTEL AND TRADING
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF RE-OPENING.

A portion of the NEW BUILDINGS of the
above Company, known as the PEAK
HOTEL and situated at Victoria Gap, ad-
joining the Tramway Station, being com-
pleted and furnished, and are suitable for
Business and Residential purposes.

The HOTEL is a pleasant resort for Residents during the
HOT SUMMER MONTH.

The TABLE D'HÔTE is supplied with
very available luxury.—The cuisine being
under Special Management is by far the
best in or near Hongkong.

WINES and SPIRITS, &c.—only the
best brands and quality are kept.

W. THOMAS,
Manager.

Hongkong, June 18, 1890. 1177

1177

WINDSOR HOUSE,
HONGKONG.

NO. 8, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
PRIVATE BOARD AND RESIDENCE,
AND FAMILY HOTEL

This ESTABLISHMENT is situated in a most
central position, opposite the Telegraph
Office and two doors from the Chartered
Bank. It offers FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMO-
DATION to TRAVELLERS and TRAVELLERS
have a Spacious DINNER ROOM, and a large
number of smaller Drawing Rooms with
all comforta. A Good Table kept
TABLE D'HÔTE.—Breakfast, 8.30 a.m.;
Tea, 1 p.m.; Dinner, 7.30 p.m.

BOARD BY THE Mouth, Day, or Single
Meals, at reasonable rates.

ARRANGEMENTS CAN BE MADE TO SERVE
MEALS IN GENTLEMEN'S QUARTERS.

CONTINENTAL LANGUAGES SPOKEN.

Mrs. BOHM,
Proprietress.

Hongkong, August 30, 1890. 1182

1182

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

STEAMSHIP MELBOURNE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES
MARITIMES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNERS of Cargoes from HAR-
FORD, ex. Steamship "Guardian," and
from BOURGEOIS or Steamship "Frederic
Moral," in connection with the above
Steamer, are hereby informed that their
Goods—with the exception of Opium,
Treasure and Valuables—are being landed
and stored at their risk at the Company's
Godowns, whence delivery may be obtained
immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless
intimation is received from the Consignee
before Noon To-Mor (Tuesday), or they
will be landed free.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
the Undersigned.

Goods remaining unclaimed after Tues-
day, the 8th instant, at Noon, will be
subject to rent, and landing charges at
one cent per packet per day.

All Claims must be sent to me, or on
before the 10th instant (Thursday), or they
will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

G. de CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.

Hongkong, June 21, 1890. 1180

1180

NOTICE OF OPENING.

THIS FIRST CLASS FLOATING
HOTEL will be opened for the accom-
modation of Guests on or about 1st July.

The Hotel will be entirely new, and fitted
up with all modern improvements.

RESIDENTS AND THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC will find
superior accommodation.

The HOTEL will be unexcelled, the
"châtel," being under the supervision of
the Undersigned.

Being moored within a short distance of
Kowloon Point, The HOTEL will offer
every comfort and convenience.

Arrangements have been made for
Guests excepting Officers, Officers, and
Admiralty & Imperial Guards.

Grand Promenade Deck, Commodore
and Airy Dining Room, Ladies' Parlour,
Billiard Room, Hair Dressing Saloon,
together with a Saltwater Swimming Bath,
&c. &c.

The HOTEL will run half-hourly
to and from Pudding Wharf and the Hotel.

Rooms may now be engaged upon
application to

ANDREW FOSTER,
Manager.

Hongkong, June 21, 1890. 1178

1

Mails.

To-day's Advertisements.

Business Notices.

HONGKONG TRADING COMPANY, LTD.

(LATE THE HALL & HOLTZ CO-OPERATIVE COY, LTD.)

CONTINUATION OF

CLEARANCE SALE.
GREAT BARGAINS

IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

PREVIOUS TO ALTERATIONS TO PREMISES.

HONGKONG TRADING COMPANY, LTD.

(LATE THE HALL & HOLTZ CO-OPERATIVE COY, LTD.)

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.

Shipping.

11 a.m.—*Haihung* leaves for Coast Ports.
Noon.—French Mail leaves for Ports of Call and Europe.
4 p.m.—Canton leaves for Shanghai, &c.
Strts of *Belle Isle* leaves for Vancouver (B.C.), via Yokohama, &c.
Lenox leaves for New York.

Auctions.

2 p.m.—Auction of Stock-in-Trade of Fournier & Co.

Amusements.

9 p.m.—Performance at the City Hall.

BY APPOINTMENT.

A. S. WATSON & COMPANY, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

MANUFACTURERS OF
AERATED WATERS.

OUR AERATED WATER MANUFACTORY
is followed by the boat Machinery, embodying all the latest improvements in

THE greatest attention has been paid to appliances for ensuring purity in the Water supply, to secure which we have added a Condenser capable of supplying us with 3,000 gallons of distilled water a day, and are now in a position to compete in quality with the best English Makers. Our Sweet Waters cannot be surpassed anywhere.

The purest ingredients only are used, and the utmost care and cleanliness are used in the manufacture throughout.

LARGE BOMBAY 'SODAS.'

We continue to supply large bottles as heretofore, free of Extra Charge, to those of our Customers who prefer to have them in the ordinary size.

COAST PORT ORDERS.

whenver practicable, are despatched by first steamer leaving after receipt of order.

For COAST PORTS. Waters are packed

and on board ship at Hongkong

prices, and the full amount allowed for

Packages and Empties when received in

good order.

Counters! Order Books supplied on application.

Our Registered Telegraphic Address is,

DISPENSARY, HONGKONG.

And all signed messages addressed thus will receive prompt attention.

The following is a List of Waters always

kept ready in Stock—

PURE AERATED WATER

SODA WATER

LEMONADE

POTASH WATER

SALTZER WATER

LITHIA WATER

SARSAPARILLA WATER

TONIC WATER

GINGER ALE

GINGERADE.

No Credit given for bottles that are dirty or greasy, or that appear to have been used for any other purpose than that of containing Aerated Waters, as such bottles are never used again by us.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

Hongkong China, and Manila.

The publication of this issue commences at 7.30 p.m.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JULY 2, 1890.

THE Bill for the Protection of Women and Girls has passed through committee, and we hope the last has been heard of this matter for some time to come. Dr. Ho Kai secured an important amendment which recognizes the legitimate marriages of the Chinese and all other Asiatics, and, having obtained this concession, he ought

to have been content. He was certainly ill-advised in so persistently pressing for a recognition of concubinage by the Legislative Council of Hongkong. He must know, being a lawyer, that to make an exception in an ordinance in favour of any custom is to recognize it. Had the Hongkong legislature expressly accepted concubinage from the operation of the Bill, that degrading custom, which is abominable to all healthy family life, would have received a status in the Colony which it has not hitherto possessed.

As we said when writing on this subject last week, it is neither expedient nor desirable that the Government should enter into crusade against concubinage.

It is a work for the missionary and the school teacher. If by education, secular and sacred, we can improve the condition of women in the Colony, we shall

have done more to undermine the bad practice than the authorities ever could do.

The improvement in this as in many other things, must come from within not from without. Coercive laws might only lead to greater iniquity.

Seven devils might come to occupy the swart and garnished house from which the one had been expelled. But the Bill in question really makes no attack on Chinese customs. We shall continue to tolerate concubinage as of old. The amendment introduced by the Attorney General does away completely with any hardship that might have existed. If an Asiatic girl is duly married according to the laws and customs of her native country, her Asiatic husband is free from all liability.

It is true that this amendment does not answer Dr. Ho Kai's question if the second, third and fourth wife of a Chinaman will be held as having been duly married. But, as His Excellency very forcibly puts it, that is a question for the Court and not for the Legislature. The position taken up by the Administrator is unsatisfactory. It is utterly absurd to ask the Hongkong Government to define what constitutes being duly married according to the laws and customs of every Asiatic country. There is a great

difference of opinion as regards the actual position of a Chinaman's second wife. We suppose exact definition of her position is impossible, because it varies according to the circumstances. Dr. Williams, in his great work "The Middle Kingdom," after describing the preliminaries and ceremonies attending a Chinese wedding, says:—The Chinese do not marry another woman whilst the first one is living, but they may bring home concubines with no other formality than a contract with her parents, though it is considered somewhat discreditable for a man to take another bed-fellow if his wife have borne him sons, unless he can afford each of them a separate establishment.

We suppose the main object of the Chinese law was to assure progeny, but the license being allowed for one purpose, it has gradually extended, until the practice has grown up of taking as many concubines, irrespective of a regard for family, as the means of the man can afford. Whether our law courts would hold that a Chinaman, under every or any circumstances, was fully married to his second wife according to the laws and customs of her native country is a doubtful point, but it is not a point that is likely to be raised under the new ordinance. We cannot conceive possible that the Hongkong authorities would institute a prosecution against a Chinaman for "marrying" a second wife under sixteen years of age, if the ceremony for second marriage was duly performed, and if the taking of a girl as second wife was not clearly shown to be a cloak for worse sins. Neither do we think that any of his countrymen for the purpose of blackmailing would risk the expense of a prettified law case. The position of a third or fourth wife in perhaps somewhat more shaky, but if a Chinaman establishes a big harem in British Hongkong, he must be prepared, if he will have his concubines under 16 years of age, to run the small risk attached thereto.

Dr. Ho Kai's attempt to obtain the open recognition of concubinage failed, as it certainly deserved to do, and we are astonished that the other unofficial members, belonging as they do to a civilised nation that holds such customs in abhorrence, should have given him the least support.

They can only have done so because they did not see clearly the issues involved. And thus, we think, is born out of the attitude taken by Mr. MacEwan. He had undoubtedly the best of the argument with Mr. Deane. The proclamation of Capt. Elliot distinctly sets forth that the inhabitants are secured in the free exercise of their religious rites, ceremonies and social customs.

There is no limitation whatever to this concession. Nothing is said about its being conditional to Her Majesty's pleasure.

The natural and only inference is that the enjoyment of the religious rites, ceremonies and social customs is unhampered, but that the government by the elders of villages, there occurs the phrase "pending Her Majesty's pleasure."

The natural and only inference is that the enjoyment of the religious rites, ceremonies and social customs is unhampered, but that the government by the elders of villages, there occurs the phrase "pending Her Majesty's pleasure."

The Bill for the Protection of Women and Girls is dependent on Her Majesty's further pleasure. But a very much stronger objection to the force and validity of this document might be taken on the one raised by Mr. Deane. The proclamation is addressed to the inhabitants of Hongkong at the time the island was taken.

No mention is made of future settlers, and the whole tenor of the document shows that it applies solely to those living in the island at the time, who were suddenly brought under British rule. The discussion, however, is purely academic.

The necessity of considering the rites and customs of the Chinese has been proclaimed by almost every Governor from the time of Sir Henry Pottinger downwards, has been insisted on by every Secretary of State for the Colonies, and on the whole has been faithfully borne in mind by the Hongkong Government. The protection of Women and Girls Bill does not involve any violation of this good rule. The consideration of rites and customs does not in any way affect the vices, neither does it mean that progress must be stopped if a Chinese custom blocks the way.

The promises made to the Chinese must be interpreted in a rational manner and must be made subservient to the greater rule—good government. The mission

of Great Britain in Hongkong is not to confirm Chinese customs, but to show the people a better way, the only condition being that the changes shall not be of an arbitrary and harsh character.

The change being suffered from the new ordinance by any respectable Chinese citizen who conforms to the approved customs of his country is so infinitesimal that it is impossible to find any just grounds for Dr. Ho Kai's opposition.

To have passed his amendment, as it was first drafted, would have been to nullify the whole Bill, for under the cover of the "domestic relationship" of the Chinese in the Colony, the grossest forms of immorality might have been practiced with impunity.

Other than as a means to keep young girls under 16 out of brothels, the only use, we suppose, clause 6 will be put to, will be to check and if possible punish those who take young girls as quasi concubines, and, after ruining them, throw them over to the brothel keepers. There is a good deal of this in Hongkong, and if the Ordinance could not reach such blackguards its utility would be destroyed. We are quite sure the Secretary of State would never accept

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS TO JAPAN, CANADA, THE UNITED STATES, AND EUROPE, VIA THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAYS AND OTHER CONNECTING RAILWAY LINES & STEAMERS.

THE British Steamship *STRAITS OF BELLE ISLE*, 1,580 Tons Register, Captain Gurney, will be despatched for VICTORIA, B.C., AMOY, NAGASAKI, INLAND SEA, KOBE, and TOKIO, THURSDAY, the 3rd July.

Shippers to San Francisco.

To follow by the S.S. *ASIANIA*,on the 10th July, and the S.S. *CHATHAM*,

on the 24th July.

Connection will be made at Yokohama with Steamers from Shanghai and Japan Ports, and at Vancouver with Pacific Coast Points, by the regular Steamers of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company and other Steamers.

Through Passage Tickets granted to London, Havre and Bordeaux.

Cargo and Specie will be registered for London, as well as for Marseilles, and accepted in transit through Marseilles for the principal places of Europe.

Shipping Orders will be granted till Noon.

Cargo will be received on board until 4 p.m., Specie and Parcels until 3 p.m. on the 2nd July, 1890. (Parcels are not to be sent on board; they must be left at the Agency's Office).

Contents and value of Packages are required.

For further particulars, apply at the Company's Office.

G. DE CHAMPERAUX,

Agent.

Hongkong, June 20, 1890. 1125

Occidental & Oriental Steamship Company.

TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS TO JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES, MEXICO, CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA, AND EUROPE, VIA THE OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND ATLANTIC & OTHER CONNECTING RAILWAYS.

To-day's Advertisements.

CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

CROWDED NIGHTLY.

HARRY STANLEY'S OPERATIC COMPANY.

THIS EVENING,

BY REQUEST,

PAUL JONES.

TO-MORROW—GRAND DUCHESS,

H. STANLEY AS GENERAL BOOM.

Prices, as usual.

Hongkong, July 2, 1890. 1121

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR SHANGHAI VIA AMOY.

Taking Cargo & Passengers at through rates for NINGPO, CHEFOO, NEW HWA, TIENTSIN, HANKOW and Ports on the YANGTZE.

The Co.'s Steamship

CYCLOPS.

Captain LEE, will be despatched as above on FRIDAY, the 4th Instant, at Daylight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWINE, Agents.

Hongkong, July 2, 1890. 1165

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING AT YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

THE U. S. Mail Steamship CITY OF PEKING will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yokohama, on SATURDAY, the 19th July, at 1 p.m., taking Passengers and Freight for Japan, the United States, and Europe.

Through Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States, via Overland Railways, to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America, by the Company's and connecting Steamers.

Passenger tickets granted to all Parcels and to all Parcels for Marseilles, will be despatched for the above Port on FRIDAY, the 4th Instant, at 4 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

SEIMESSEN & CO.

Hongkong, July 2, 1890. 1185

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING AT YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

THE U. S. Mail Steamship CITY OF PEKING will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yokohama, on SATURDAY, the 19th July, at 1 p.m., taking Passengers and Freight for Japan, the United States, and Europe.

Through Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States, via Overland Railways, to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America, by the Company's and connecting Steamers.

Passenger tickets granted to all Parcels and to all Parcels for Marseilles, will be despatched for the above Port on FRIDAY, the 4th Instant, at 4 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

RUSSELL & CO.

General Managers.

and a less general expression as 'domestic relationships,' and if Dr Ho Kui means to press on this point, he may save himself the trouble. In its final dress the hon. member's amendment would not, we are afraid, carry him much farther than the Attorney-General's, although he hoped it would cover concealing to the fifth or sixth degree. The Government did wisely, not to accept it, and the well-merited desire of the unofficials saved the Colony from having the Ordinance thrown back with another severe reprimand from the Secretary of State.

TELEGRAMS.

(From Singapore papers.)

EAST AFRICA.

LONDON, June 23.—In the Chamber of Deputies, Monsieur Ribot declared that by virtue of the Anglo French convention of 1862, England cannot assume the protectorate of Zanzibar, without previous agreement with France.

PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, June 24.—The Government has withdrawn the licensing clauses of the Local Bill, inserting an amendment that sums already voted for that purpose be permitted to accumulate until Parliament decides a measure for them.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

PASSED SUEZ CANAL.

OUTWARD BOUND.—Coronado, Glengoeles, Alberta, Melchior, Russia, June 3; Bandalor, Borden Tower, 6; Glenroy, Palamed, 10; Brocwood, Larches, Sachem, Kremilda, 17; Ajax, 20; Djemah, Madras, Pungue, 24; Paternus, 27.

HOMEWARD BOUND.—Polynesia, June 17; Moyne, Thomas, 29; Utopia, 24.

The P. & O. s.s. *Sutlej*, with the English Mail of June 6th, left Singapore on the 2nd July, and may be expected here on or about Monday, the 7th July. This packet brings replies to letters despatched from Hongkong on May 1st.

The P. & O. s.s. *City of Fishing* left San Francisco for Yokohama via Honolulu on the 14th June.

The China Shippers Mutual S. N. Co.'s steamship *Polding*, from London and Liverpool, left Singapore on the 25th June, and may be expected here on or about the 2nd July.

The O. S. S. Co.'s s.s. *Dionne*, from Liverpool, left Singapore on the 27th June, and may be expected here on or about the 3rd July.

The s.s. *Yenning*, from Calcutta, left Singapore on the 26th June, and may be expected here on or about the 4th July.

The P. & O. Co.'s extra steamer *Vineta*, from Bombay, left Singapore on the 29th June, at 6 a.m., and may be expected here on or about the 5th July.

The s.s. *Bandalor*, from Antwerp and London, left Singapore on June 3rd, and may be expected here on or about the 6th July.

The Superintendent of the P. & O. Co. informs us that the s.s. *Sutlej*, with the next English mail, left Singapore for this port at 11 a.m. to-day.

MESSRS. Gibb, Livingston & Co. inform us that the s.s. *Bandalor*, from Antwerp and London, left Singapore on Monday, June 30th, for this port.

THE Kungchow brought down 750 casks of cement from the Green Island Cement Co.'s works, 100 casks go to Vancouver and 650 to Shanghai.

ANOTHER performance of 'Les Cloches de Corneville' was given by Stanley's Company at the Theatre Royal yesterday evening, to a rather smaller house than usual.

A STOREKEEPER in the employ of the Opium Farmer was charged to-day, before Mr Robinson, with stealing a quantity of prepared opium. The case was remanded, bail being fixed at \$300.

JOSEPH FRAUDE, a turnkey in Victoria Gaol, was charged before Mr Robinson to-day with creating a disturbance in the Globe Hotel. Jonathan Snooks, a barman at the hotel, said the defendant was checked for using bad language to the barmaid, and he made a row and was given into custody. He was ordered to enter into his own recognisances to \$300, to be of good behaviour for three months.

Li Hon, a contractor who is engaged in putting up the Electric Co.'s buildings, was charged in the Police Court to-day, before Mr Robinson, with dumping earth and building rubbish on the hillsides. Mr J. T. H. Sample, assistant inspector of buildings, said some of the rubbish had been washed into a neighbouring nullah by the rain, and had partly choked it up. The defendant was fined \$75, and was ordered to remove the rubbish forthwith.

FOUR chair-cooies in the employ of Mr R. K. Leigh were charged before Mr Robinson this morning with refusing to obey their employer's lawful and reasonable orders. Mr Leigh said he asked each of the defendants on the 30th ult. to pull the drawing office punkah (at Messrs. Danby, Leigh and Orme's offices) and they refused. They pulled the punkahs in Mr Danby's and Mr Leigh's rooms, but struck against pulling the one in the drawing office. Other four chair-cooies, in the employ of Mr Danby, were brought up on the same charge. Each of the eight was fined \$3, with the alternative of 30 days' hard labour.

Mr Horsspool, formerly Chief Inspector of Police, has been appointed Acting Deputy Superintendent and Acting Adjutant of the Force. The appointment of a successor to Mr Horsspool as Chief Inspector has not been made, and the other officers of the force, who have been long and anxiously looking forward to a step of promotion, remain in status quo. Major Dempster retains his position until March next, this concession having been granted to him by the Colonial Office, in view of his past services.

We regret to learn that Mr Ernest Deacon, senior partner of Messrs. Deacon & Co., Canton, died at that place last evening, after a brief illness. Mr Deacon had almost recovered from a sharp attack of dysentery, when he was taken with severe fever, under which he succumbed. He will be much missed in the small community of Shamien, being as he was the head of a big firm and a leading resident of the place for a great number of years. His large-heartedness and geniality of disposition made him many friends, and his fame for hospitality must have been spread by grateful visitors to nearly every corner of the earth. Mr Deacon's remains were brought down here in the river steamer this afternoon, and buried in the Happy Valley Cemetery.

LAM Tak, unemployed, was brought before Mr Robinson in the Police Court to-day, charged, at the instance of Inspector Stanton, with being in possession of 23 counterfeit dollars. The prisoner admitted having the dollars, and knowing that they were counterfeit, but said he did not intend to use them; he was, in fact, going to throw them into the sea. They had been sent to him from the country with instructions to sell them. Inspector Stanton said he arrested the man yesterday afternoon in Queen's Road West, when he had the coins in his possession. The prisoner admitted a previous conviction. He was fined \$5 for each coin, \$15 in all, with the alternative of three months' imprisonment.

News is published of the death of Mr Colborne Baber, Political Officer at Shamo, on the 16th June. Mr Baber's many friends will be sorry to hear this bad news, and Colborne Baber had numerous friends everywhere in the Far East. The Consular Service have lost by his death one of their ablest members, and his career having been of a most varied and important character. He entered the Services in 1866, and having served at Kuklhang and Tansau, was promoted to Interpreter in 1876, and detailed to the important post of Chinese Secretary at Peking in 1879. Subsequently he was told off to fill the important position of Consul General at Seoel, at a time when the Korean question, bulked largely in the political outlook. In 1889 he proceeded to Shamo, his intimate knowledge of Chinese serving greatly to facilitate the settlement of the Burma-Chinso difficulties as to frontier and trade routes; and here he ended his life just as his work had been brought to a satisfactory close.

THE Legislative Council meets on Monday next. The following are the Orders of the Day:—

1. Financial Minutes.

2. Report of the Finance Committee (No. 14,500).

3. The Acting Colonial Secretary to move as follows:—

'The Council, having considered the following statement from the Superintendent of the Botanical and Aforestation Department concerning the planting and rearing of trees in the years 1891 and 1892, resolves that it is expedient that the liability for this work be incurred.'

STATEMENT OF WORKS WHICH IT IS NECESSARY THAT CONTRACTS SHOULD NOW BE MADE FOR:—

1. For planting, during the year 1891, trees which are now being reared under contract No. 4, 1889,.....\$1,60.

2. For seeds to be collected during the present year and supplied in January, 1891,.....200

To be disbursed in 1891,.....\$1,80

3. For rearing trees which may be desirable to plant in 1892,.....\$1,40

4. If the above named work (No. 3) is now contracted for, it will involve the making of contracts next year for getting the trees planted when ready in 1892; this would cost, 2,400

To be disbursed in 1891,.....\$3,00

5. The quantity of trees which may be reared and planted under Nos. 3 and 4 is roughly estimated on the assumption that not less than \$6,000 or \$7,000 will be reared next year for forestry works in 1892. The annual rate is now \$10,000.

6. The execution of the proposed contracts would extend from the date of the order in the case of the two first until the early part of next year, and in the two latter until the middle of the year 1892.

G. FOUR.
Superintendent, Botanical and Aforestation Department, 26th June, 1890.

1. First reading of a Bill entitled 'An Ordinance to amend the Law relating to the Official Administrator.'

2. Second reading of the Bill entitled 'An Ordinance to amend the Cattle Diseases, Slaughter-Houses, and Markets Ordinance of 1887.'

3. Third reading of the Bill entitled 'An Ordinance to amend and consolidate the law relating to the protection of Women and Girls.'

4. Committee on the Waterworks Bill, 1880.

AS APPARATUS has been devised in Paris for enabling people to hear a play or concert by dropping a half-hand in the air. The apparatus is called a 'telephones.' It is proposed to introduce the machine into clubs and boxes. The experiments which have been already tried have been very successful.

We have received from H. E. the Administrator a pamphlet entitled 'Brief Account of the Visit of their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught to Hongkong.' It is mainly compiled from the reports of the local newspapers and is an interesting record of an important incident in the history of the Colony.

In the United States Consular Court, Kobe, on the 25th ult. before Mr E. J. Smithers, as Judge, with the Revs. J. L. Atkinson and John McKim, Associates, John Riley and Henry Green were charged with unlawfully and feloniously setting fire to and attempting to destroy the ship John Johnson on June 10th. After hearing evidence at some length, the Court found the prisoners guilty. Sentence was deferred.

AT PENANG, a Chinaman has been brought up before a Magistrate for bigamy, the prosecutrix being his first wife, who alleged he had deserted her and married another, as Chinese custom, while it recognises inferior wife, only allows of one first wife. The prosecution contend that the bigamy arose from his re-marriage with a concubine which attached only to first marriage. The case, the first one of the kind since the Colony came into being, has been remanded. The defendant is charged under the Penal Code.

IN THE COURSE of an article on gambling, in which special reference is made to our remarks on gambling in Hongkong, the *Railway Gazette* says:—'It is just as impossible to completely suppress gambling in Hongkong, as it is to crush it out of Rangoon. Gambling dens cannot be quite abolished, but the fewer are the temptations to which the people are subjected. A Burman or a Chinaman will be a gambler to the end of the chapter, but it is the duty of Government to see that the facilities for indulging this spirit are reduced to a minimum.'

IT HAS BEEN decided by the Treasury to put a stop to what are known as 'guinea competitions,' for which prizes are offered weekly, monthly and other periods. This practice has been carried on for some time without interference on the part of the authorities, but at last the Collector of the Treasury (who is also Public Prosecutor) has issued a notice to the effect that it all no longer be permitted. Mr Poland, Q.C., having been consulted on the subject, has given it as his opinion that every competition which has to be decided by mere chance is practically of the nature of a lottery, and consequently illegal. It is understood, that in any future case of infringement of the law in this respect, proceedings will be taken by the Public Prosecutor against the offending parties.'

WE REGRET to learn that the *Foochow Echo*, to

catch it at the moment of his receiving his remuneration for his services as a witness, in the criminal trial of the iron, and a certain delight before a vulgar mind, but a refined and exalted emotion that perhaps only passes over the countenance of royalty on rare occasions. The Caulon River is judicially skied—judiciously, because the real arm of the pestilential and unwholesome humours, arising from the rivers and tingling the whole sky and atmosphere, and trees, and joss-houses,—this realm is so intense, that a susceptible visitor had to be removed in a St. John's ambulance. The victim's medical adviser, who is Dr George Washington's son—affirms that his patient was exposed to the influence of yellow fever germs. Had the screen upon which he was placed hung higher, the fever would have been avoided. If this powerful work had been hung upon the line, it would have been safe to the last. This inference might have been avoided, if the government had been hung upon the line, but it was suspended to the roof, and the consequences might have been.

IT MAY BE of interest to note that Sir Edward Ridley Bradford, the new Chief Commissioner of London Police, is cousin to Mr H. N. Ridley, director of the Straits Guards and Forces. Sir Edward Bradford has a right arm, which was crushed by a tiger in a shooting expedition in India. Sir Edward is then narrowly escaping with his life, the arm being afterwards amputated. Sir Edward is about 55 years of age.—*Strait's Gazette*.

MR. P. C. MOLLY, M.P., has patented a

marvellous invention, which he calls a hydrogen amalgamator, using electricity for the improvement of the extraction of gold from ore. Experiments which have been made in the South African gold-fields prove that the hydrogen amalgamator is able to extract 90 per cent. of amalgam gold, instead of the usual 50 per cent obtainable by the present method of extraction.

THE NATIVE Police are sorry to hear that Lady Teeng is very ill. H. E. Tao-tai Nien, who has been very anxious regarding her condition, went the other day to consult a famous oracle regarding her health, and was assured by this eminent authority that no serious consequences would follow. This very oracle a short time ago prophesied that the daughter of the late master Teeng would be dimpled to death, and more enough, she expired since the prophecy. This good news respecting Lady Teeng would be dimpled to the native, and was telegraphed to him.

NO ONE will dispute the first line of the

proposition, though the second may be questioned.

That 'Winter' should fall out with

'Summer' is perhaps only natural, and

this must be the reason they are not com-

mon pictures. That they have fallen out

is only too painfully evident, for, alas,

the nose of Summer is badly bent, and there

is a sad distortion of what was a beautiful

mouth. 'Winter' has suffered a lot, but

her damages are not localised to such an

extent. These are indeed amongst the fea-

tures of the exhibition.

THOSE WHO have been to the

garden of the Foochow

will be sorry to hear that

the garden is closed for the

present season.

THE NATIVE Police are sorry to hear that

Lady Teeng is very ill. H. E. Tao-tai Nien,

who has been very anxious regarding her

condition, went the other day to consult

a famous oracle regarding her health,

and was assured by this eminent authority

that no serious consequences would follow.

This very oracle a short time ago prophesied

that the daughter of the late master Teeng

would be dimpled to death, and more

enough, she expired since the prophecy.

This good news respecting Lady Teeng

would be dimpled to the native, and was telegraphed to him.

NO ONE will dispute the first line of the

proposition, though the second may be ques-

tioned.

That 'Winter' should fall out with

'Summer' is perhaps only natural, and

this must be the reason they are not com-

mon pictures. That they have fallen out

is only too painfully evident, for, alas,

the nose of Summer is badly bent, and there

is a sad distortion of what was a beautiful

mouth. 'Winter' has suffered a lot, but

her damages are not localised to such an

extent. These are indeed amongst the fea-

tures of the exhibition.

THE NATIVE Police are sorry to hear that

Lady Teeng is very ill. H. E. Tao-tai Nien,

who has been very anxious regarding her

THE CHINA MAIL.

No. 8668—JULY 2, 1890.

Intimations.

THE CHINA REVIEW.

PUBLISHED BI-MONTHLY.

The *China Review*, which was intended to meet the wants of many students of Chinese, turned by the discontents of the *Mao-tse* and *Qian-chu* on China and Japan, has reached its Eighteenth Volume. The Review discusses those topics which are important in the minds of students of the Far East, and about which every intelligent person connected with China or Japan is desirous of acquiring trustworthy information. It includes many interesting Notes and original Papers on the Arts, Sciences, Ethnology, Folklore, Geography, History, Literature, Mythology, Natural History, Antiquities, and Social Manners and Customs, etc., etc., of China, Japan, Mongolia, Tibet, and the Far East generally. Recently a new departure has been taken, and the Review now gives papers on Trade, Commerce, and Descriptive notes of Travel by well-known writers. It was thought that by extending the scope of the Review in this direction, the Magazine would be made more generally useful.

The Review department receives special attention, and endeavours are made to present a careful and concise record of Literature on China, etc., and to give critical reviews of books of the most recent work on such topics. Authors and Publishers are requested to forward works to "Editor, *China Review*, care of *China Mail Office*".

The Notes and Queries are still continued and form an important means of obtaining from and diffusing among students known and obscure points.

The Correspondents' column also affords further and greater facilities for the interchange of views and discussion of various topics.

Original contributions in Chinese, Latin, or any of the Modern Languages are received. The papers are contributed by the members of the various Consular, the Imperial Customs, and Hongkong Services, and also by the Missionary bodies amongst whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is assiduously cultivated. Amongst the regular contributors are Drs. Chalmers, Eitel, Brotzneider, and Hirth, Professor Legge, and Messrs. Balfour, Watters, Stent, Phillips, MacIntyre, Groot, Jamieson, Faber, Kopack, Parker, Playfair, Giles, Piton, and Taylor—all well-known names, indicators of sound scholarship and thorough mastery of their subjects.

The Subscription is fixed at \$1.50 per annum, postage included—payable in advance.

Orders for binding volumes will be promptly attended to. Address, "Manniger, *China Mail Office*".

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

All our learned societies should subscribe to this scholarly and enterprising Review—*Northern Christian Advocate* (U.S.).

"The China Review" * * * has an excellent table of contents.—*Celestial Empire*.

The Publication always contains subjects of interest to sojourners in the Far East and the present issue will hold favourable if not advantageous comparison, with preceding numbers.—*Celestial Empire*.

This number contains several articles of interest and value.—*North-China Herald*.

The *China Review* for September-October fully maintains the high standard of excellence which characterizes the publication, and altogether forms a very interesting and readable number. Meteologists will find an interesting and valuable contribution by Dr. Fritsch, on "the Amount of Precipitation (Rain and Snow) of Peking" showing the results of observations made at the Imperial Russian Observatory at Peking, from 1841 to 1889. "Notes on the Dutch Occupation of Formosa," by Mr. Geo. Philips, contains some interesting information, although much of it is old. The Notices of New Books include a most generous and appreciative review of "The Divine Classics of Nan-Hsu," and the Notes and Queries are almost very interesting.—*North-China Daily News*.

A substantial and reliable Review which all students of China and the Chinese would do well to patronize.—*Chapman & Hall*.

The November-December number of the *China Review* contains less variety than usual, but the few articles are very interesting. The opening paper by Mr. Herbert A. Giles on "The New Testament in Chinese" treats of a question that must necessarily be of great importance in the eyes of all missionaries. . . . Mr. E. H. Parker's "Short Journeys in Szechuan" are continued, and a goodly instalment of these travels in the interior of China is given. Mr. E. H. Balfour contributes a paper of some length entitled "The Emperor Cheng, founder of the Chinese Empire," which will be read with genuine interest by students of Chinese history. A few short notices of New Books and a number of Notes and Queries, one of which "On Chinese Oaths in Western Borneo and Java" might appropriately have been placed under a separate heading, complete the number.—*North-China Daily Press*.

The *China Review* contains the following notice of the *China Review*:—The number now before us is destined to occupy a position, as regards China and the neighbouring countries, some what similar to that which has been filled in India by the *Calcutta Review*. The great degree of attention that has been bestowed of late years upon the investigation of Chinese literature, antiquities, and social developments, to say nothing of linguistic studies, has led to the accumulation of important stores of information, rendering some such channel of publicity as is now provided extremely desirable; and contributions of much interest may fairly be looked for from the members of the foreign consular services, the Chinese Customs' corps, and the missionary body, among whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is now assiduously cultivated, and who are severally represented in the first number of the *Review* by papers highly creditable to their respective authors.

Some translations from Chinese novels and plays are marked by both accuracy and freshness of style; and the account of the career of the Chinese poet-statesman of the eleventh century, Su Tung-p'o, by Mr. E. C. Beaufort, is not only historically valuable, but is also distinguished by its literary grace. Beside notices of new books relating to China and the Far East, which will be a useful feature of the *Review*, it is proposed that with punctuality and detail, we shall be able to notice that "Notes" and "Quotations" are destined to find a place in the pages also. It is to be hoped that this opening for contributions on Chinese subjects may evoke a similar degree of literary merit to that which was displayed during the lifetime of its predecessor in this field, and that the *China Review* may receive the support necessary to insure its continuance.

Our Jobbing Department

HAVING just been REPLENISHED

with a large assortment of the latest

EUROPEAN and AMERICAN NOVELTIES

we are prepared to execute orders for

FANCY WORK with neatness and despatch,

and at very moderate rates.

CHINA MAIL OFFICE.

Intimations.

Intimations.

THE HONGKONG
LAND INVESTMENT AND
AGENCY COMPANY, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....\$5,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....2,600,000
RESERVE FUND.....1,250,000

Board of Directors:

HON. J. S. KESWICK, Chairman.

HON. C. P. CHATER, Managing Director.

VICE-CHAIRMAN.

LEE SING, Esq.

S. C. MICHAELSEN, Esq.

G. E. NOBLE, Esq.

POON TONG, Esq.

D. R. SASOON, Esq.

Bankers:

THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION.

MONEY ADVANCED OR MORTGAGE,
ON LAND OR BUILDINGS;
PROPERTIES
PURCHASED AND SOLD.

Estate managed, all kinds of Agency
and Commission Business relating
to Land, &c., conducted.

Full Particulars can be obtained at the
Company's OFFICES, No. 5, Queen's Road
Central.

A SHELTON HOOPER,
Secretary.

Victoria Buildings,

Hongkong, 3rd May, 1889. 844

NOW HAD
REMOVED
TO
18, D'AGUILAR STREET,
behind HONGKONG CLUB.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Hongkong, January 18, 1890. 122

JUST PUBLISHED—Price, 50 Cents.

MISSION ETRANGERES:

BUDDHISM: ITS HISTORICAL,
THEORETICAL AND POPULAR
ASPECTS.

BY ERNEST J. EITEL, PH.D., TUBINGEN.

THIRD EDITION,
REVISED, WITH ADDITIONS.

Price.....\$1.50.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

Hongkong, August 20, 1894.

COLLEGE OF MEDICINE FOR
CHINESE.

RESIDENTS in the Colony would
materially aid the SENATE of the
COLLEGE by forwarding to the ALICE
MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

(1) Glass Jars (for museum purposes).

(2) Illustrated Papers and Books for the
Student's Reading Room and Library.

Address to JAMES CANTLIE,
Hon. Sec. to the College.

Hongkong, August 7, 1888. 1317

NOW READY.

VOLUNTEERS AND THE DEFENCE
OF HONGKONG.
A SKETCH.

PRICE.....FIFTY CENTS.

To be had at MESSRS. LANE, CRAWFORD
& CO.; MESSRS. KELLY & WALSH (LTD.); and
MESSRS. W. BREWER & CO.

August 14, 1889. 1582

SHARE LIST—QUOTATIONS—JULY 2, 1890

Stocks Nos. of Shares Value Paid-up Closing Quotations, Cash.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK COR. 50,000 \$ 120 all \$201 1/2 % prem., cum new issue

CANTON INSURANCE CO., LTD. 10,000 \$ 250 8 \$ 120, sales

CHINA TRADERS INSURANCE CO., LTD. 24,000 \$ 33,332 8 25+70

CHINA INSURANCE CO., LTD. 1,000 \$ 1,000 8 \$ 200 nominal

CHINA-CHINA INSURANCE CO., LTD. 5,000 \$ 200 8 \$ 100

STRATA INSURANCE CO., LTD. 30,000 \$ 10,8 8 \$ 24+20

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY CO., LTD. 10,000 \$ 250 8 \$ 28100, sellers

YUNGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LTD. 8,000 \$ 100 all \$100 all \$100, all \$100

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE CO., LTD. 20,000 \$ 100 8 \$ 65

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE CO., LTD. 5,000 \$ 250 8 \$ 50+35

STRATA FIRE INSURANCE CO., LTD. 20,000 \$ 10,8 8 \$ 18, buyers

CHINA MARINE INSURANCES, LTD. 10,000 \$ 100 8 \$ 20+10

HONGKONG LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD. 12,000 \$ 125 all 36 % prem.

HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD. 2,000 \$ 50 all \$103

DRAGON STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED. 20,000 \$ 50 all \$65

HONG-KONG & SHAMPOO CO., LTD. 10,000 \$ 20 all \$37

STEAM LAUNCH COMPANY, LIMITED. 2,000 \$ 50 all 25% dis. pur. buyers

CHINA SUGAR COMPANY, LIMITED. 15,000 \$ 100 all \$175

HONGKONG SUGAR COMPANY, LIMITED. 7,000 \$ 100 all \$88

H.K. & KOW LOH & GODOWN CO. 20,000 \$ 50 all \$82, ex div.

LAND AND BUILDING
AGENCY COMPANY, LIMITED. 50,000 \$ 100 8 \$ 60

KOWLOON LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY. 6,000 \$ 50 8 \$ 18, sellers

PEAK BUILDING COMPANY. 1,000 \$ 100 8 \$ 6200

RICHMOND TERRACE BUILDING CO. 12,000 \$ 200 8 \$ 20,000 24

TRUST AND LOAN CO. OF CHINA, LTD. \$1,250 2 10 1/2 £160

TRANWAYS. HK. HIGH-LEVEL TRANWAYS CO., LTD. 1,200 \$ 10 all \$125

MING. JIANG. 4,000 \$ 5 all \$3

JOEYUN SUNGKEE DAIA NANATAN. 60,000 \$ 11 all \$9

SCHIMA (THE MINING COMPANY, LIMITED). 15,000 \$ 50 8 \$ 283, sales

SOCIETE FRANCAISE DES CHARBONS
DU TONKIN. 8,000 Pcs. 50c. Pcs. \$300, sellers

THE BALTIMORE GOLD MING CO., LTD. 15,000 \$ 10 all \$14, buyers

IMURIS MINES, LIMITED. 17,000 \$ 1 15 \$93

CHINA BORSES COMPANY, LIMITED. 7,500 \$ 10 8 \$ 519, sellers

ESTATE BORSE PLANTING CO., LIMITED. 4,000 \$ 20 8 \$ 4315, buyers

LAHOK PLANTING COMPANY, LIMITED. 5,000 \$ 20 8 \$ 20, nominal

SONGKEI KUOH PLANTING CO., LTD. 5,000 \$ 20 8 \$ 415, buyers

HONGKONG PLANTING CO., LTD. 5,000 \$ 50 all \$45

THE LAMAG PLANTING CO., LIMITED. 6,000 \$ 20 8 \$ 20, nominal

HOTELS, ETC. AUSTIN HOTEL AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED. 4,000 \$ 50 8 \$ 6033 1/2 dis.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LTD. 3,000 \$ 100 all \$200

PEAK HOTEL & TRADING CO., LIMITED. 4,000 \$ 5 8 \$ 20,15

BORNEO HOTEL AND STORES CO., LTD. 1,000 \$ 50 8 \$ 32, nom.

SHAMOON HOTEL & LAND CO., LTD. 5,000 \$ 10 8 \$ 20,88, nom.

DISPENSARIES A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED. 50,000 \$ 1 1/2 \$214

CRICKSHANK & CO., LIMITED. 1,600 \$ 5 all \$40, nom.

LIGHTING H.K. & CHINA CO., LIMITED. 5,100 \$ 10 1/2 all \$13, sellers

NEW SHOES. 1,193 \$ 10 1/2 7.1 \$ 88, cash